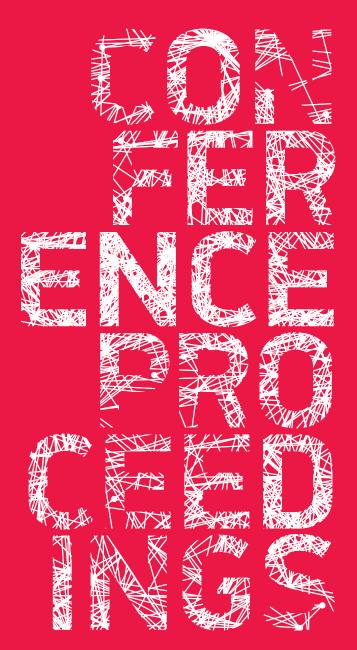


# 3<sub>RD</sub> INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CONFERENCE ON PLACES AND TECHNOLOGIES

EDITORS EVA VANIŠTA LAZAREVIĆ MILENA VUKMIROVIĆ ALEKSANDRA KRSTIĆ-FURUNDŽIĆ AND ALEKSANDRA ĐUKIĆ



# 3<sub>RD</sub> INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CONFERENCE ON PLACES AND TECHNOLOGIES

EDITORS EVA VANIŠTA LAZAREVIĆ MILENA VUKMIROVIĆ ALEKSANDRA KRSTIĆ-FURUNDŽIĆ AND ALEKSANDRA ĐUKIĆ

# **PLACES AND TECHNOLOGIES 2016**

# CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS OF THE $3^{\rm RD}$ international academic conference on places and technologies

# EDITORS:

Eva VaništaLazarević, Milena Vukmirović, Aleksandra Krstić-Furundžić, Aleksandra Đukić

FOR PUBLISHER: Vladan Đokić

PUBLISHER: University of Belgrade – Faculty of Architecture

DESIGN: Stanislav Mirković

TECHNICAL SUPPORT: Jasna Marićević

PLACE AND YEAR: Belgrade 2016

ISBN: 978-86-7924-161-0

# **ORGANIZERS**





# **MAIN CONFERENCE SUPPORT**

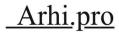








# **CONFERENCE SUPPORT**















# **PLACES AND TECHNOLOGIES 2016**

KEEPING UP WITH TECHNOLOGIES TO CREATE COGNITIVE CITY BY HIGHLIGHTING ITS SAFETY, SUSTAINABILITY, EFFICIENCY, IMAGEABILITY AND LIVEABILITY

# CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 3<sup>RD</sup> INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CONFERENCE ON PLACES AND TECHNOLOGIES

#### **CONFERENCE ORGANISERS**

University of Belgrade – Faculty of Architecture and Professional Association Urban Laboratory

#### **ORGANIZING COMMITTEE**

# Founding members of the Organizing committee

### Dr Eva Vaništa Lazarević

Conference Director, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

## Dr Milena Vukmirović

Conference Executive Coordinator, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture and Urban Laboratory, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Aleksandra Krstić Furundžić

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Aleksandra Đukić

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Associate members of the Organising committee

#### Jelena Samardžić

Faculty of Information Technology Belgrade Metropolitan University, Belgrade, Serbia

# **TECHNICAL COMMITTEE**

# Dr Milena Vukmirović

Conference Executive Coordinator, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture and Urban Laboratory, Belgrade, Serbia

# **Branislav Antonić**

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# **SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE**

In Alphabetical order

# Dr Laura Aelenei,

National Energy and Geology Laboratory (LNEG), Lisbon, Portugal

# Dr Ivan Aleksić,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Department of Geodesy and Geoinformatics, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Evangelina Athanassiou,

Aristotle University of Thessaloniki School of Architecture, Thessaloniki, Greece

## Dr Milica Bajić Brković,

ISOCARP - The International Society of City and Regional Planners, The Hague, Netherlands

#### Dr Ljiljana Blagojević,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Ružica Božović Stamenović,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia and National University of Singapore, Singapore

# Dr Olja Čokorilo,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, Belgrade, Serbia

## Dr Grygor Doytchinov,

Institute for Urban Design, Technical University of Graz, Austria

#### Dr Nataša Danilović Hristić.

Urban Planning Institute of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Vladan Đokić,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Aleksandra Đukić,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Alenka Fikfak,

University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Architecture, Ljubljana, Slovenia

# Dr Dejan Filipović,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Geography, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Darija Gajić,

University of Banja Luka, Faculty of Architecture and Civil Engineering, Banja Luka, Republic of Srpska, Bosnia and Herzegovina

### Dr Bob Giddings,

Northumbria University, Faculty of Engineering and Environment, Newcastle, United Kingdom

#### Dr Jelena Ivanović Šekularac,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Vlatko Korobar,

St. Cyril and Methodius University, Faculty of Architecture, Skopje, FYR Macedonia

# Dr Saja Kosanović,

University of Priština, Faculty of Technical Sciences, Department of Architecture, KosovskaMitrovica, Serbia

# Dr Aleksandra Krstić-Furundžić,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Višnja Kukoč,

University of Split, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Architecture and Geodesy, Split, Croatia

## Dr Piotr Lorens,

Gdansk University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture, Gdansk, Poland

# Dr Lucia Martincigh,

University of Roma Tre, Faculty of Architecture, Rome, Italy

# Prof. LjubomirMiščević,

University of Zagreb, Faculty of Architecture, Zagreb, Croatia

#### Acad. BranislavMitrović,

University of Belgrade - Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Juan Luis Rivas Navarro,

University of Granada, Department of Urban and Regional Planning, Granada, Spain

#### Dr Grzegorz Peczek,

Sopot University of Applied Science, Sopot, Poland

# Dr Lea Petrović Krajnik,

University of Zagreb, Faculty of Architecture, Zagreb, Croatia

# Dr Miroslava Raspopović,

Faculty of Information Technology, Belgrade Metropolitan University, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Ralf Risser,

Research Institute FACTUM, Vienna, Austria

# Dr Lina Seduikyte,

Kaunas University of Technology, Faculty of Civil Engineering and Architecture, Kaunas, Lithuania

# Manfred Schrenk,

CORP - Competence Center for Urban and Regional Planning, Vienna, Austria

# Dr Jasmina Siljanoska,

St. Cyril and Methodius University, Faculty of Architecture, Skopje, FYR Macedonia

#### Dr Metka Sitar

University of Maribor, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Traffic Engineering and Architecture, Maribor, Slovenia

# Dr Predrag Šiđanin,

University of Novi Sad, Faculty of Technical Sciences, Novi Sad, Serbia

# Dr Ljupko Šimunovic,

University of Zagreb Faculty of Transport and Traffic Sciences, Zagreb, Croatia

# Dr Stefan van der Spek,

Delft University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture and Built Environment, Delft, Netherlands

# Dr Svetlana Stanarević,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Security Studies, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Milena Stavrić

Graz University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture, Institute of Architecture and Media, Graz, Austria

# Dr Aleksandra Stupar,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Eva Vaništa Lazarević,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Milena Vukmirović,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture and Urban Laboratory, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Salih Yilmaz,

Izmir KatibCelebi University, Department of Engineering and Architecture, Izmir, Turkey

# **REGIONAL AND GUEST DEANS COMMITTEE**

In Alphabetical order

#### Dr Bálint Bachmann,

University of Pécs, Pollack Mihály Faculty of Engineering and Information Technology, Pécs, Hungary

# Dr Dženana Bijedić,

Vice-dean), University of Sarajevo, Faculty for Architecture, Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina

# MSc Peter Gabrijelčič,

University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Architecture, Ljubljana, Slovenia

# MSc Boris Koružnjak,

University of Zagreb, Faculty of Architecture, Zagreb, Croatia

## Dr Florian Nepravishta,

(Department department), Polytechnic University of Tirana, Department of Architecture, Tirana, Albania

# Dr Svetislav Popović,

University of Montenegro, Faculty of Architecture, Podgorica, Montenegro

# Dr Milenko Stanković,

University of Banja Luka, Faculty of Architecture and Civil Engineering, Banja Luka, Republic of Srpska, Bosnia and Herzegovina

# **REVIEWERS**

#### Dr Evangelina Athanassiou,

Aristotle University of Thessaloniki School of Architecture, Thessaloniki, Greece

#### Dr Ljiljana Blagojević,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Ružica Božović Stamenović,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia and National University of Singapore, Singapore

# Dr Olja Čokorilo,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Transport and Traffic Engineering, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Grygor Doytchinov,

Institute for Urban Design, Technical University of Graz, Austria

## Dr Nataša Danilović Hristić,

Urban Planning Institute of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Aleksandra Đukić,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Alenka Fikfak.

University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Architecture, Ljubljana, Slovenia

#### Dr Darija Gajić,

University of Banja Luka, Faculty of Architecture and Civil Engineering, Banja Luka, Republic of Srpska, Bosnia and Herzegovina

# Dr Bob Giddings,

Northumbria University, Faculty of Engineering and Environment, Newcastle, United Kingdom

# Dr Jelena Ivanović Šekularac,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Vlatko Korobar.

St. Cyril and Methodius University, Faculty of Architecture, Skopje, FYR Macedonia

# Dr Saja Kosanović,

University of Priština, Faculty of Technical Sciences, Department of Architecture, KosovskaMitrovica, Serbia

# Dr Aleksandra Krstić-Furundžić,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

#### Dr Višnja Kukoč,

University of Split, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Architecture and Geodesy, Split, Croatia

# Dr Lucia Martincigh,

University of Roma Tre, Faculty of Architecture, Rome, Italy

# Dr Juan Luis Rivas Navarro,

University of Granada, Department of Urban and Regional Planning, Granada, Spain

# Dr Grzegorz Peczek,

Sopot University of Applied Science, Sopot, Poland

# Dr Lea Petrović Krajnik,

University of Zagreb, Faculty of Architecture, Zagreb, Croatia

## Dr Miroslava Raspopović,

Faculty of Information Technology, Belgrade Metropolitan University, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Ralf Risser,

Research Institute FACTUM, Vienna, Austria

# Dr Metka Sitar,

University of Maribor, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Traffic Engineering and Architecture, Maribor, Slovenia

# Dr Predrag Šiđanin,

University of Novi Sad, Faculty of Technical Sciences, Novi Sad, Serbia

# Dr Ljupko Šimunovic,

University of Zagreb Faculty of Transport and Traffic Sciences, Zagreb, Croatia

# Dr Stefan van der Spek,

Delft University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture and Built Environment, Delft, Netherlands

# Dr Svetlana Stanarević,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Security Studies, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Aleksandra Stupar,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Eva Vaništa Lazarević,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Serbia

# Dr Milena Vukmirović,

University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture and Urban Laboratory, Belgrade, Serbia

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGIES I - ENERGY ISSUES

DETERMINATION OF ENERGY CHARACTERISTICS OF TRANSPARENT ELEMENTS OF ENVELOPE OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA Darija Gajić	3
ECO-ENERGETIC RECONSTRUCTION OF ARCHITECTURAL STRUCTURES BY APPLYING MODERN FACADE TECHNOLOGIES Olja Joksimović, Katarina Vukosavljević	11
MODERNIZATION OF EXISTING GLASS FACADES IN ORDER TO IMPLEMENT ENERGY EFICIENCY AND MEDIA CONTENT Jasna Čikić Tovarović, Jelena Ivanović Šekularac, Nenad Šekularac	19
EFFECTS OF WINDOW REPLACEMENT ON ENERGY RENOVATION OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS – CASE OF THE SERBIAN BUILDING PRACTICE Ana Radivojević, Aleksandar Rajčić, Ljiljana Đukanović	27
GREEN ROOF RETROFIT POTENTIAL IN A DENSELY POPULATED BELGRADE MUNICIPALITY Katarina Vukosavljević, Olja Joksimović, Stevan Vukadinović	35
ENERGY REFURBISHMENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN SERBIA Milica Jovanović Popović, Miloš Nedić, Ljiljana Djukanović	43
PROBLEM OF PROTECTION OF ORIGINAL APPEARANCE OF PREFABRICATED CONCRETE FACADES AND ENERGY IMPROVEMENT MEASURES – EXAMPLE OF NEW BELGRADE Nikola Macut, Ana Radivojević	51
SUNLIGHTING: A BRIGHT LIGHT SOURCE FOR MULTI-STORY BUILDING CORES Liliana Beltran	59
ARCHITECTURAL TECHNOLOGIES II - INNOVATIVE METHODS, SOFTWARE AND TOOLS	
BIM AND GREEN BUILDING DESIGN: EXPECTATIONS, REALITY AND PERSPECTIVES Igor Svetel, Marko Jarić, Nikola Budimir	69
UNDER THE SKIN - DETERMINING ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES FROM SURFACE 3D SCANS Urlich Krispel, Torsten Ullrich, Martin Tamke	77
ARCHITECTURAL DIAGRAM OF A CITY Olivera Dulić, Viktorija Aladžić	85
DIGITAL TOOLS - BASED PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE ADAPTIVE BUILDING ENVELOP IN THE EARLY PHASE OF DESIGN Kompon Žižić Alaksandra Kretić-Eurundzić	93

INCREASING QUALITY OF PLACE BY USERS VALUE ORIENTATION Alenka Temeljotov Salaj, Svein Bjorberg, Nikolaj Salaj	101
COMFORT QUALITY IN THE ARCHITECTURAL TRANSFORMATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES Saša B. Čvoro, Malina B. Čvoro, Una Umićević	109
BUILDING STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS	
CONCEPTUAL STRUCTURAL DESIGN STRATEGIES FOR REDUCING ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN BUILDINGS Aleksandra Nenadović, ŽikicaTekić	119
COMPARISON OF THE SUSTAINABILITY OF DIFFERENT TECHNIQUES FOR THE STRENGTHENING OF REINFORCED CONCRETE COLUMNS Tanya Chardakova, Marina Traykova	125
THE ARCHITECTURAL ASPECT OF DESIGNING THE OFFICE ENVIRONMENT IN THE MULTIFUNCTIONAL BUILDING IN THE CITY CENTRE Anna Rynkowska-Sachse	133
MITIGATE THE HOUSING DEPRIVATION IN THE INFORMAL CITIES: MODULAR, FLEXIBLE AND PREFAB HOUSES Frabrizio Finucci, Adolfo Barrata, Laura Calcagnini, AntonioMagaro, OttavioMinnella, Juan Martin Piaggio	141
AN EXAMPLE OF USING RECYCLED CRUSHED CLAY BRICK AGGREGATE: A PREFABRICATED COMPOSITE FAÇADE PANEL WITH THE FACE OF STONE Tijana Vojinović Ćalić, Dragica Jevtić, Aleksandra Krstić-Furundžić	149
CLIMATE CHANGE I – ENERGY ISSUES	
ENERGY MAP OF KRAGUJEVAC AS AN INTRODUCTION TO THE ANALYSIS OF NECESSARY INTERVENTION MEASURES ON BUILDINGS IN ORDER TO ADAPT TO CLIMATE CHANGE Iva Poskurica Glišović	159
THE IMPACT OF CLIMATE CHANGE ON THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE OF HISTORICAL BUILDINGS Alexandra Keller, Cristian Petrus, Marius Mosoarca	167
INFLUENCE OF DIFFERENT PAVEMENT MATERIALS ON WARMING UP OF PEDESTRIAN AREAS IN SUMMER SEASON Jelena Đekić, Petar Đekić, Milena Dinić Branković, Mihailo Mitković	175
ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICITY GENERATION RESULTS OF FIRST MINI SOLAR POWER PLANTS IN THE SOUTH OF SERBIA WITH VARYING INCLINATION OF PHOTOVOLTAIC PANELS AND DIFFERENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS Mihailo Mitković, JelenaĐekić, Petar Mitković, Milica Igić	183
EDUCATION NEEDS AND INFLUENTIAL FACTORS ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN FUNCTION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS  Marijola Božović, Milan Mišić, Zorica Bogićević, Danijela Zubac	191

# BUILDING CLIMATE CHANGE II – STRATEGIES, PROTECTION AND FLOODS

EVALUATING THE CO-BENEFITS OF FLOOD MITIGATION MEASURE – A CASE STUDY OF SOUTHERN YUNLIN COUNTY IN TAIWAN Yi-Hsuan Lin	201
FLOODING RISK ASSESSMENT IN MOUNTAIN VILLAGES—A CASE STUDY OF KAOHSIUNG CITY Ting-Chi Hsu, Han-Liang Lin	209
SPATIAL PLANNING IN VIEW OF FLOOD PROTECTION-METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE BALCAN COUNTRIES Brankica Milojević	217
CLIMATE WARS AND REFUGEES: HUMAN SECURITY AS A PATHWAY TOWARDS THE POLITICAL? Thomas Schad	225
LOW-IMPACT DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES ASSESSMENT FOR URBAN DESIGN Yu-Shan Lin, Han-Liang Lin	235
SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES AND PARTICIPATION I – PLANNIG ISSUES	
THE POSSIBILITIES OF SURVEY AS A METHOD TO COLLECT AND THE DERIVE MICRO-URBAN DATA ABOUT NEW COLLECTIVE HOUSING IN SERBIA Branislav Antonić	247
POSITION OF THE SOCIAL HOUSING ACCORDING TO THE URBAN PLANNING REGULATION OF THE CITY OF NIS – DO THEY PROMOTE THE INCLUSION? Nataša Petković Grozdanović, Branislava Stoiljkovic, Goran Jovanović	255
INFLUENCE OF DIFFERENT APPROACHES IN DEVELOPMENT OF LOCAL RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TYPOLOGIES FOR ESTIMATION OF BUILDING STOCK ENERGY PERFORMANCE Milica Jovanović Popović, Dušan Ignjatović, Bojana Stanković	263
TOWARDS A LOW-CARBON FUTURE? CONSTRUCTION OF DWELLINGS AND ITS IMMEDIATE INFRASTRUCTURE IN CITY OF SPLIT Višnja Kukoč	271
SCENARIOS IN URBAN PLANNING AND THE MULTI-CRITERIA METHOD. A MEANINGFUL EXPERIENCE IN ITALY: PIANO IDEA IMPLEMENTED IN JESI AN,2004 Giovanni Sergi, Paolo Rosasco	279
THE PUBLIC INSIGHT AND INCLUSIVITY IN THE PLANNING PROCESS Nataša Danilović Hristić, Nebojša Stefanović	287
TOWARD THE SUSTAINABLE CITY - COMMUNITY AND CITIZENS INCLUSION IN URBAN PLANNING AND DESIGN OF URBAN GREEN SPACES: A REVIEW OF SKOPJE	295
Divna Penčić. Snezhana Domazetovska. Stefanka Hadii Pecova	

# SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES AND PARTICIPATION II – CONCEPTS, METHODS AND COMMUNITY

HOW TO DEVELOP AND DESIGN HEALTHY URBAN ENVIRONMENT? Sanja Štimac, Anja Jutraž	305
SUSTAINABILITY AND BROWNFIELD REGENERATION Kristina Azarić	313
THE SOCIAL DIMENSION OF A SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITY: UNDERSTANDING OF THE EXISTING SPACE Silvia Grion, Elisabeth Antonaglia, Barbara Chiarelli	319
HOW TO UNDERSTAND THE GLOBAL PHENOMENON OF URBAN SHRINKAGE AT LOCAL LEVEL? COMPARISON OF URBAN AREAS IN ROMANIA AND SERBIA Mihai-Ionut Danciu, Branislav Antonić, Smaranda Maria Bica	327
SPATIAL PATTERNS OF SERBIAN MIGRANTS IN VIENNA AND IN THE SETTLEMENTS OF THEIR ORIGIN IN EASTERN SERBIA Branislav Antonić, Tamara Brajović	335
KEEPING THE CITY LIVEABLE FOR INHABITANTS AND EFFICIENT FOR TOURISTS: THE PILGRIMAGE ROUTES Lucia Martincigh, Renata Bizzotto, Raffaella Seghetti, Marina Di Gauda, Giovanni Perrucci	347
ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS AND CITIZEN PARTICIPATION IN MEDIUM-SIZED TOWNS OF SERBIA Anđelka Mirkov	355
URBAN PROBLEMS OF HILLY AND MOUNTAINOUS RURAL SETTLEMENTS IN NIŠ MUNICIPALITY Milica Igić, Petar Mitković, Jelena Đekić, Milena Dinić Branković	361
IMAGE, IDENTITY AND QUALITY OF PLACE I – PLANNING ISSUES	
THE STRATEGIES OF PLACE-MAKING. SOME ASPECTS OF MANIFESTATIONS OF POSTMODERN IDEAS IN LITHUANIAN ARCHITECTURE Martynas Mankus	373
DESIGNING CENTERS OF SUBURBAN SETTLEMENTS IN THE POST-SOCIALIST CITY – NIŠ CASE STUDY Milena Dinić Branković, Jelena Đekić, Petar Mitković, Milica Igić	381
TRANSITION AND THE CITY: TRANSFORMATION OF URBAN STRUCTURE DURING THE POST-SOCIALIST PERIOD Dejana Nedučin, Milena Krklješ	389
POST INDUSTRIAL CITIES: CREATIVE PLAY - FAST FORWARD BELGRADE 2016 Eva Vaništa Lazarević, Marija Cvetković, Uroš Stojadinović	395
THE FUTURE OF OLD INDUSTRIAL AREAS - SUSTAINABLE APPROACH Anica Tufegdžić, Maria Siladji	405

CREATING IDENTITY AND CHARACTER OF NEW SETTLEMENT FORMED DUE TO GROWTH OF THE CITY- ON THE EXAMPLE OF PODGORICA Ema Alihodžić Jašarović, Edin Jašarović	413
SPINUT-POLJUD RESIDENTIAL AREA IN SPLIT, CROATIA Vesna Perković Jović	421
IMAGE, IDENTITY AND QUALITY OF ZAPRUĐE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT IN NOVI ZAGREB Ivan Milnar, Lea Petrović Krajnik, Damir Krajnik	429
URBAN IDENTITY OF BORDER SPACES. CONSTRUCTING A PLACE IN THE BORDER CROSSING BETWEEN SPAIN AND MOROCCO IN CEUTA Belen Bravo Rodriguez, Juan Luis Rivas Navarro, Alicia Jiménez Jiménez	435
ZEITGEIST & GENIUS LOCI: TRADE VALUE AESTHETIC AND WEAKNESS OF AUTHOR'S IDENTITY IN RECENT SERBIAN ARCHITECTURE Aleksandar Kadijević	445
IMAGE, IDENTITY AND QUALITY OF PLACE II – PUBLIC SPACES	
PRESERVING PLACE MEANING IN FUNCTION OF TRANSFORMATION OF OPEN PUBLIC SPACES Ana Špirić, SanjaTrivić	455
STREET LIFE DIVERSITY AND PLANNING THE URBAN ENVIRONMENT. COMPARATIVE STUDY OF SOFIA AND MELBOURNE Silvia Chakarova	463
TRANSFORMATIONS AND PERMANENCE OF REPUBLIC SQUARE Stefan Škorić, Milena Krklješ, Dijana Brkljač, Aleksandra Milinković	473
THE IMAGE OF THE CITY VS. SEMI-PUBLIC SPACES OF SHOPPING MALLS: CASE STUDY OF BELGRADE Marija Cvetković, Eva Vaništa Lazarević	481
THE MARKET HALL OF PÉCS Balazs Kokas, Hutter Ákos, Veres Gábor, Engert Andrea, Greg András, Sike Ildikó, Alexandra Pető	489
INNOVATIVE PUBLIC SPACE REHABILITATION MODELS TO CREATE CONDITIONS FOR COGNITIVE - CULTURAL URBAN ECONOMY IN THE AGE OF MASS INDIVIDUALISATION Katarzyna Bartoszewicz, Piotr Lorens	497
ILLUMINATION OF FACADES OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN NOVI SAD AND ITS IMPACT ON SPATIAL PERCEPTION Dijana Brkljač, Milena Krklješ, Aleksandra Milinković, Stefan Škorić	507
COGNITIVE PERFORMANCES OF PEDESTRIAN SPACES Milena Vukmirović, Branislav Folić	515

# IMAGE, IDENTITY AND QUALITY OF PLACE III – CONCEPT, METHODS, EDUCATION

THE CRIMINAL CITY: URBAN RESET AFTER "COLECTIV" Agelica Stan	527
TOWARD THE ULTIMATE SHAPE-SHIFTER: TESTING THE OMNIPOTENCE OF DIGITAL CITY Aleksandra Stupar, Tatjana Mrđenović	535
MANAGEMENT OF URBAN IMAGE AS A TOOL FOR PLANNING. THE CASE OF THESSALONIKI Kleoniki Gkioufi, Eleni Gavra	541
VISIBLE AND INVISIBLE PROCESSES AND FLOWS OF TIME-SPACE OF ARCHITECTURAL AND URBAN CONTINUITY OF THE CITY Velimir Stojanović	549
FORMS OF CONTINUITY IN ARCHITECTURAL SPACE Petar Cigić, Milena Kordić	555
URBAN DESIGN EDUCATION FOR PLACEMAKING: BETWEEN COGNITION AND EMOTION Jelena Živković, Zoran Đukanović, Uroš Radosasvljević	565
SKETCHBOOK AS AN ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN INSTRUMENT OF THE COGNITIVE CREATION PROCESS FOR THE QUALITY OF PLACE Igor Rajković, Uroš Radosavljević, Ana Zorić	573
THE MUSICALITY OF UNDULATING GLASS PANES IN THE CONVENT OF LA TOURETTE Marko Slaviček, Anja Kostanjšak	581
THE ROUTES OF DIGITALIZATION – FROM REAL TO VIRTUAL CITY AND VICE VERSA Miodrag Ralević, Tatjana Mrđenović	587
RESILIENCE OF PLACES	
A SHRED OF PLACE IN A DIGITAL ERA HUMANITARIAN DISASTER Pavlos Lefas, Nora Lefa	599
URBAN SPACES MORPHOLOGY AND MICROCLIMATE CONDITIONS: A STUDY FOR A TYPICAL DISTRICT IN THESSALONIKI Stella Tsoka, Katerina Tsikaloudaki, Theodoros Theodosiou	605
SPONTANEOUS DEVELOPMENT AND RESILIENCE PLACES – A CASE STUDY OF ELECTRONIC INDUSTRY NIS (SERBIA) Liljana Jevremović, Branko Turnsek, Aleksandar Milojkovic, Milanka Vasic, Marina Jordanovic	613
SUSTAINABLE MODEL FOR REGIONAL HOSPITALS IN HUMID TROPICAL CLIMATE Nataša Čuković Igniatović, Dušan Igniatović, Deian Vasović	621

MATERIAL AND COGNITIVE STRUCTURES OF BUILDINGS AND PLACES AS INTEGRATED PATTERNS OF PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE Dženana Bijedić, Rada Cahtarevic, Mevludin Zecević, Senaida Halilović	627
BOOSTING THE RESILIENCE OF THE HEALTHCARE SYSTEM IN BELGRADE: THE ROLE OF ICT NETWORKS Jelena Marić, Aleksandra Stupar	635
INTERCONNECTION OF ARCHITECTURE AND NEUROSCIENCE - RESHAPING OUR BRAINS THROUGH PHYSICAL STRUCTURES Morana Pap, Mislav Pap, Mia Pap	645
THE POTENTIAL OF URBAN AGRICULTURE IN REVITALIZATION OF A METROPOLIS Gabriela Rembarz	651
ADAPTIVE REUSE	
IMPROVING STRATEGIES FOR FUNCTIONAL UPGRADE FOR AN "INTEGRATED REHABILITATION" Francesca Guidolin	661
ADAPTIVE REUSE AND SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY IN THE REGENERATION PROCESSES OF INDUSTRIAL HERITAGE SITES Sonja Ifko, Ana Martinović	669
REVEALING THE MONTENEGRIN KATUN AS A PLACE OF REUSABLE COGNITIVE TECHNOLOGIES Edin Jašarović, Ema Alihodžić Jašarović	683
INTERSECTIONS OF NOW AND THEN; IMPLEMENTATION OF ADAPTIVE REUSE AS CATALYST OF SPACE TRANSFORMATION Anja Kostanjšak, Nikola Filipovic	691
MULTIFAMILY HOUSING IN BELGRADE – ENERGY PERFORMANCE IMPROVING POTENTIAL AND ARCHITECTURAL CHALLENGES Nataša Ćuković Ignjatović, Dusan Ignjatovic, Bojana Stankovic	699
SPATIAL STRUCTURE OF THE SUBURBAN ZONES IN SELECTED ENTREPRENEURSHIPS NESTS OF THE TRICITY METROPOLITAN AREA Grzegorz Pęczek, Justyna Martyniuk-Pęczek	707
INNOVATIVE METHODS AND APPLICATIONS FOR SMART(ER) CITIES	
TECHNOLOGY AS A MEDIATOR BETWEEN MAN AND CITY IN THE CONTEXT OF CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES Katarina Stojanović	725
CITY INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION MODELING Alice Pasquinelli, Silvia Mastrolembo, Franco Guzzeti, Angelo Ciribini	731
AN INTRODUCTION TO THE PHYSICAL PLANNING INFORMATION SYSTEM OF CROATIA AND NEW GENERATION OF SPATIAL PLANS Sunčana Habrun, Lidija Škec, Danijel Meštrić	739

THE CONCEPT OF SMART ARCHITECTURE IN SERBIA – ONE BELGRADE EXPIRIENCE Dragan Marčetić, Andrej Josifovski	747
THE IDEA OF COGNITIVE CITY - A CHALLENGE FOR NEW TECHNOLOGY TO PROMOTE HEALTH Aleksandra Krstić Furundžić, Nikola Z. Furundzić, Dijana P. Furundzić	755
MIXED REALITY ENVIRONMENT AND OPEN PUBLIC SPACE DESIGN Aleksandra Đukić, Dubravko Aleksić	761
VULNERABILITY OF PUBLIC SPACE AND THE ROLE OF SOCIAL NETWORKS IN THE CRISIS Milena Vukmirović, Miroslava Raspopović	769
NEUTRAL GROUNDING POINTS WITHIN THE GENERAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM AS AN ELEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION Zorica Bogićević, Slobodan Bjelić, Bojan Jovanović, Milan Misic	779
THE ROLE OF COGNITIVE – CULTURAL ECONOMY IN CITY'S GLOBAL POSITIONING Sanja Simeunčević Radulović, Biserka Mitrović	789
URBAN MOBILITY, TRANSPORT AND TRAFFIC SOLUTIONS	
THE CONTRIBUTION OF ITS TO THE SAFETY IMPROVEMENT OF VULNERABLE ROAD USERS Bia Mandžuka, Ljupko Šimunović, Pero Škorput	799
BUILDING ENVIRONMENTAL PERSPECTIVE OF AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS AROUND BELGRADE NIKOLA TESLA AIRPORT Olja Čokorilo, Ivana Čavka	805
TRANSPORT PROJECTS AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION Davor Brčić, Stjepan Kelcec-Suhovec	813
DISLOCATION OF THE EXISTING RAILWAY AND BUS STATION IN THE CITY OF KUMANOVO AND THEIR INTEGRATION INTO A TRANSPORT HUB WITH ADJOINING CONTENTS Mihajlo Zinoski, Medarski Igor, Stefani Solarska	817
THE IMPACTS OF TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURES ON URBAN GEOGRAPHY Federico Andrea Innarone	825
LIQUID LIFE: A RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN VULNERABILITY AND MOBILITY – THE CONSEQUENCES FOR A SUSTAINABLE CITY, StevanTatalović	831

# CONCEPTUAL STRUCTURAL DESIGN STRATEGIES FOR REDUCING **ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN BUILDINGS**

# Aleksandra Nenadović<sup>1</sup>

PhD, Assistant Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Bulevar kralja Aleksandra 73/II, Serbia, aleksandra@arh.bg.ac.rs

# Žikica Tekić

PhD, Associate Professor, University of Belgrade, Faculty of Architecture, Belgrade, Bulevar kralja Aleksandra 73/II, Serbia, ztekic@arh.bg.ac.rs

#### **ABSTRACT**

Raising the level of sustainability in construction refers to reduction of negative environmental impact and resource consumption throughout the life-cycle of built facilities, with a simultaneous increase in life quality. The aim is to optimize the performances of buildings, in accordance with the indicators of ecological quality. The load-bearing structure, together with other elements of architectural space, determines the performances of the building. The load-bearing structure should be designed and evaluated as a sub-system of the building, whose behaviour is directed towards the aim of system-building - ecological quality. This paper analyses the conceptual structural design according to the criteria of environmental protection, with the aim of reducing the requirement for total primary energy. The subject of analysis is design interventions at the level of structural form and applied structural materials, which reduce total energy consumption, including embodied and operational energy, throughout the lifecycle of the building. The present analysis pointed to the necessity of applying a complex and systemic approach to the structural design, in function of achieving the ecological quality of buildings.

**Keywords**: Sustainable building, ecological quality of buildings, conceptual structural design, reducing energy consumption

# **INTRODUCTION**

Raising the level of sustainability of building refers to the "reduction of negative environmental impact and resource consumption due to construction, use and dismantling of constructed facilities, with a simultaneous increase in life quality of and health and safety in the built environment" (Working Group for Sustainable Construction, 2001). The aim is the optimisation of building performances in the context of sustainability, in accordance with the indicators of ecological quality<sup>2</sup>. The building structure, along with other elements of architectural space, determines the performances of the building. The building structure should be designed and evaluated as a sub-system of the building, whose behaviour is directed towards the aim of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Corresponding author

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The indicators for integrated assessment of ecological quality of building are classified by the interrelated and conditioned sustainability criteria into three groups: indicators within the environmental criteria, indicators within the criteria of social wellbeing, and indicators within the criteria of economic well-being (Nenadović, 2014).

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CONFERENCE

system-building – ecological quality (Nenadović, 2014), which within the criteria of environmental protection refers to the reduction of harmful emissions in the air, water and land, and to the increase of resource use efficiency, i.e., to the reduction in intensity of their use. This paper analyses the conceptual structural design according to the criteria of environmental protection, on the basis of following indicator: total primary energy requirement. The aim is to reduce the demand for total primary energy, i.e. more efficient energy use, through the reduction of embodied and operational energy throughout the life cycle of the building.

# CONCEPTUAL STRUCTURAL DESIGN STRATEGIES FOR REDUCING ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN BUILDINGS

Energy consumption during the life cycle of the building includes energy consumption in phases of production of materials and products, of the building construction, of building use and of the end of life of the building. The goal is to achieve minimum energy consumption, consisting of embodied and operational energy, throughout the life cycle of the building.

# Conceptual structural design strategies for reducing the initial embodied energy

Reduction of the initial embodied energy of the building, when it comes to the load-bearing structure, can be achieved: through reduction of total material consumption, via structural design characterized by a higher possibility of building reuse, by higher space efficiency, by higher level of functional integration of spatial elements and by higher structural efficiency; through greater share of materials obtained from less energy-intensive processes of raw material extraction; through the use of less processed materials and structural elements, i.e. materials which imply less energy-intensive production; through the use of materials and elements obtained from secondary raw materials, i.e. through the use of reclaimed structural elements, the use of already used products from other industries without prior processing, the use of materials obtained through recycling processes and the use of by-products; through the use of materials and elements obtained from local raw material sources and local production; through the use of materials and elements of lower transport weight; through the use of materials and elements which imply less energy-intensive form of transport; through the use of materials and elements whose installation is not based on the use of heavy machinery. Reduction of the embodied energy during the use phase of the building, which refers to materials and elements needed for maintenance, repair, renovation, adaptation or reconstruction, can be achieved by ensuring the durability of load-bearing structure, with a minimum of maintenance, as well as via structural design which ensures space adaptability without the need for radical intervention at the level of building structure.

# Conceptual structural design strategies for reducing the operational energy

The energy needed for heating, cooling and ventilation of buildings, which account for a large percentage of total operational energy<sup>3</sup>, can be significantly reduced by design interventions. In order to realize the above, during the design of the building, it is necessary to analyse the building as a whole, that is, as a thermal system that interacts with the environment through a process of heat transfer and fluid flow. Interventions at the level of structural form and applied materials, in order to optimize the heat transfer and fluid flow, and to minimize temperature fluctuations in the indoor environment, refer to the combination of reduction of heat conduction and convection, and adequate thermal mass.

Evaluation of the energy performances of structural assemblies is primarily based on the analysis of their thermal resistance. Thermal resistance of the entire surface of the structure can be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> HVAC systems are responsible for 50% of the total energy consumption in buildings (Pérez-Lombard, Ortiz and Pout, 2008).

significantly reduced in the case of assemblies with high framing factor, i.e. with high share of surface of structural members in the entire surface area of the wall (Sustainability Guidelines for the Structural Engineer, 2010), particularly when the structural members are made of material of high thermal conductivity, such as steel. Besides heat losses, an additional issue related to thermal bridges is the occurrence of moisture, which can reduce the thermal insulating properties of insulating materials, lead to the development of mould and accelerate the deterioration of the load-bearing structure.

The new standards related to energy efficiency of buildings insist on a greater airtightness of buildings with the aim of reducing the heat losses that occur as a result of air leakage. Air leakage most commonly occur in the area of connection between individual elements of the structural assembly. In that sense, when it comes to the air leakage, non-monolithic load-bearing structures are more sensitive, especially one that are made of materials which are sensitive to the effects of wetting and drying in terms of dimensional stability, such as wood.

In addition to the reduction of heat conduction and convection, one of the strategies for saving energy needed for heating and cooling of buildings, as well as for minimization of temperature fluctuations in the indoor environment, is the formation of load-bearing structure with adequate thermal mass. The building structure made of material with high heat storage potential (concrete and clay-based materials), can, if properly thermally insulated from the external space and exposed to internal space<sup>5</sup> and if adequately dimensioned and positioned, effectively regulate a daily heat flow. In the case of moderate continental climate, in winter, within the strategy for heating, the building structure accumulates heat during the day and radiates it to the inner space during the night. In summer, within the strategy for cooling, the building structure accumulates excessive heat during the day. During the night, the building structure is cooled by contact with the outside cold air, which is achieved either by natural or by forced ventilation. Inadequate use of thermal mass of the load-bearing structure of the building can impede the realisation of desired thermal comfort and increase the operational energy consumption of the building, especially in conditions of prolonged high temperatures, i.e. in conditions that do not allow efficient cooling of the building structure. In addition, thermal mass of the load-bearing structure can increase the energy requirement in winter mode, in the case where there is not enough solar gain. In that sense, in order to adequately use the thermal mass, it is necessary to consider a number of parameters during the design of the building, including: local climate conditions, orientation and geometry of the building, level and method of building insulation, windows location and size, type of shading devices, position, size and purpose of spaces, mechanisms of ventilation, types of lighting, colour of surfaces<sup>6</sup> (The AIA Sustainability Discussion Group, 2007).

One of many examples in which the load-bearing structure of the building is integrally conceived with the aim of optimisation of heat and air flow, in addition to the aim of achieving a higher structural efficiency and better natural light distribution throughout the interior space, is Council House 2, an office building in the City of Melbourne, officially opened in 2006 (Architects: DesignInc). The design team used the mass of the exposed pre-cast load-bearing concrete shells (Error! Reference source not found.), in conjunction with active and passive strategies for heating and cooling, in order to control the temperature changes in the indoor environment and to reduce the operational energy consumption of the building. Thermal mass capacity is increased by means of 'wavy' profile of the concrete shells (Figure 2), which have increased the structural efficiency and led to the lower material consumption, i.e. reduction of the initial embodied energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Given the above, the regulations of certain countries define the maximum allowable values for thermal bridges, due to the fact that they can significantly increase the energy requirements for heating and cooling in building (Europe's buildings under the microscope, 2011).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The exposure of load-bearing structure to the interior space implies non-existence of layers which thermally isolate the structure, such as suspended ceilings, gypsum coverings, polystyrene interjoists, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Colour of structural elements affects the degree of solar energy reflection, i.e. the level of heat absorption, and thus the thermal performance of the structure. In this sense, the colour of exposed structural elements is an important factor in optimisation of building thermal performances (Bansal et al.,1992).

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC CONFERENCE

In summer, the concrete load-bearing shells absorb excess heat during the day and release it at night by natural ventilation. This lowers the office's daily temperature and is responsible for energy savings for cooling. In winter, the concrete shells accumulate heat during the day and radiate it to the inner space during the night, which saves the energy needed for space heating.

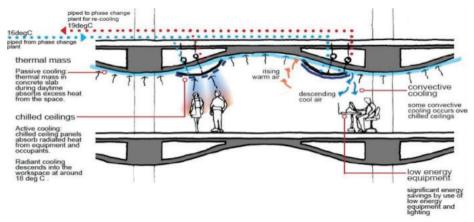


Figure 1: DesignInc, Council House 2, Melbourne, Australia, 2006, strategy for reducing the operational energy needed for cooling of the building based on the adequate shaping and materialisation of the exposed load-bearing concrete structure, illustrated in cross-section.

[Source: http://www.slideshare.net/vaisalik/biomimetic-architecture]



Figure 2: <u>DesignInc</u>, Council House 2, Melbourne, Australia, 2006, shaping and materialisation of the load-bearing concrete structure in function of reduction of the energy consumption of the building, illustrated in interior.

[Source: http://www.metrohippie.com/council-house-2-council-house-1/]

Bearing in mind the above factors, the new Directive on energy performance of buildings (Directive 2010/31/EU - on the energy performance of buildings, 2010), as well as the new Rulebook on energy efficiency of buildings ("RS Official Gazette" no. 61/2011) change the approach to evaluation of building energy performances. The importance of applying passive techniques is accented. The greater importance is given to the internal elements of the building, including the load-bearing structure. When it comes to the annual energy consumption, priority should be given to strategies which enhance the thermal performances of buildings during the summer period. The focus should be, among other strategies, on sufficient thermal capacity of the load-bearing structure of the building and on passive cooling techniques, primarily those that improve indoor climatic conditions and the micro-climate around buildings, with simultaneous reduction of energy consumption throughout the life cycle of the building.

# **CONCLUSIONS**

The paper analysed the conceptual structural design according to the criteria of environmental protection, with the aim of reducing the intensity of energy-resources use, i.e. of reducing the total energy consumption, including embodied and operational energy, throughout the lifecycle of the building. The load-bearing structure is analyzed as subsystem of the building, whose behaviour is directed towards the aim of system -building – ecological quality. The present analysis pointed to the necessity of applying a complex and systemic approach to the structural design, in function of improving the ecological quality of buildings. In this context, it is necessary to improve the education of designers involved in the design of buildings, in order to prepare them for multidisciplinary optimization of design solutions based on multiple analysis of many aspects of ecological quality.

# **REFERENCES**

Bansal, N.K., S.N. Garg, and S. Kothari. 1992. "Effect of Exterior Surface Colour on the Thermal Performance of Buildings." *Building and Environment* 27, Issue 1 (January): 31-37.

Directive 2010/31/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 May 2010 on the energy performance of buildings. 2010. Official Journal of the European Union, L 153: 13-35.

Europe's buildings under the microscope: A country-by-country review of the energy performance of buildings, edited by B. Atanasiu, C. Despret, M. Economidou, J. Maio, I. Nolte, and O. Rapf. 2011. Buildings Performance Institute Europe.

Nenadović, A. 2014. Integrisano projektovanje konstruktivnih sistema zasnovanih na primeni ferocementa. Doktorska disertacija, Univerzitet u Beogradu.

Pérez-Lombard, L., J. Ortiz, and C. Pout. 2008. "A review on buildings energy consumption information." Energy and Buildings 40, Issue 3: 394-398.

Sustainability Guidelines for the Structural Engineer, edited by D. M. Kestner, J. Goupil, and E. Lorenz. 2010. Reston: ASCE.

The AIA Sustainability Discussion Group. 2007. 50»50 - SustAIAnability2030.

Working Group for Sustainable Construction. 2001. Competitiveness of the Construction Industry: An agenda for sustainable construction in Europe.